

What's New in Adult Spine:

Best Article I've Read This Year and Practical Application

Nitin N. Bhatia, M.D.

Chief, Spine Service

Residency Program Director

Vice Chairman, Orthopaedic Surgery

University of California, Irvine

Disclosures

- I have a potential conflict with this presentation due to:
 - (a) None related directly to this talk
 - (b) Consulting/Royalty/Speaker's Bureau payments for unrelated products from: Alphatec, Biomet, DiFusion, Seaspine, Spineart, Stryker

Thought Process

- What clinical questions have been “answered”
- Does it make a change in my practice
- Am I happy with the results?

Three Main Areas

- Disc arthroplasty vs ACDF
- The efficacy of epidural injections
 - vs medication (gabapentin)
 - HNP vs spinal stenosis
- Use of post-operative antibiotics
 - Length of treatment

Cervical Spine: Total Disc Arthroplasty vs ACDF

- Most cited studies are randomized controlled trials (RCT)
- RCT's have some inherent flaws
 - Strict enrollment criteria
 - Author/industry bias
 - Enrollment bias

Patient Registries

- Allows evaluation of “real world” patients
- Not limited by RCT rules



ELSEVIER



CrossMark



The Spine Journal 16 (2016) 136–145

2015 Outstanding Paper Winner: Surgical Science

Total disc arthroplasty versus anterior cervical interbody fusion: use of the Spine Tango registry to supplement the evidence from randomized control trials

Lukas P. Staub, MD, PhD^a, Christoph Ryser, MD^a, Christoph Röder, MD^a,
Anne F. Mannion, PhD^b, Jeffrey G. Jarvik, MD^c, Max Aebi, MD^d, Emin Aghayev, MD^{a,*}

^a*Institute for Evaluative Research in Medicine, Stauffacherstrasse 78, 3014 Bern, Switzerland*

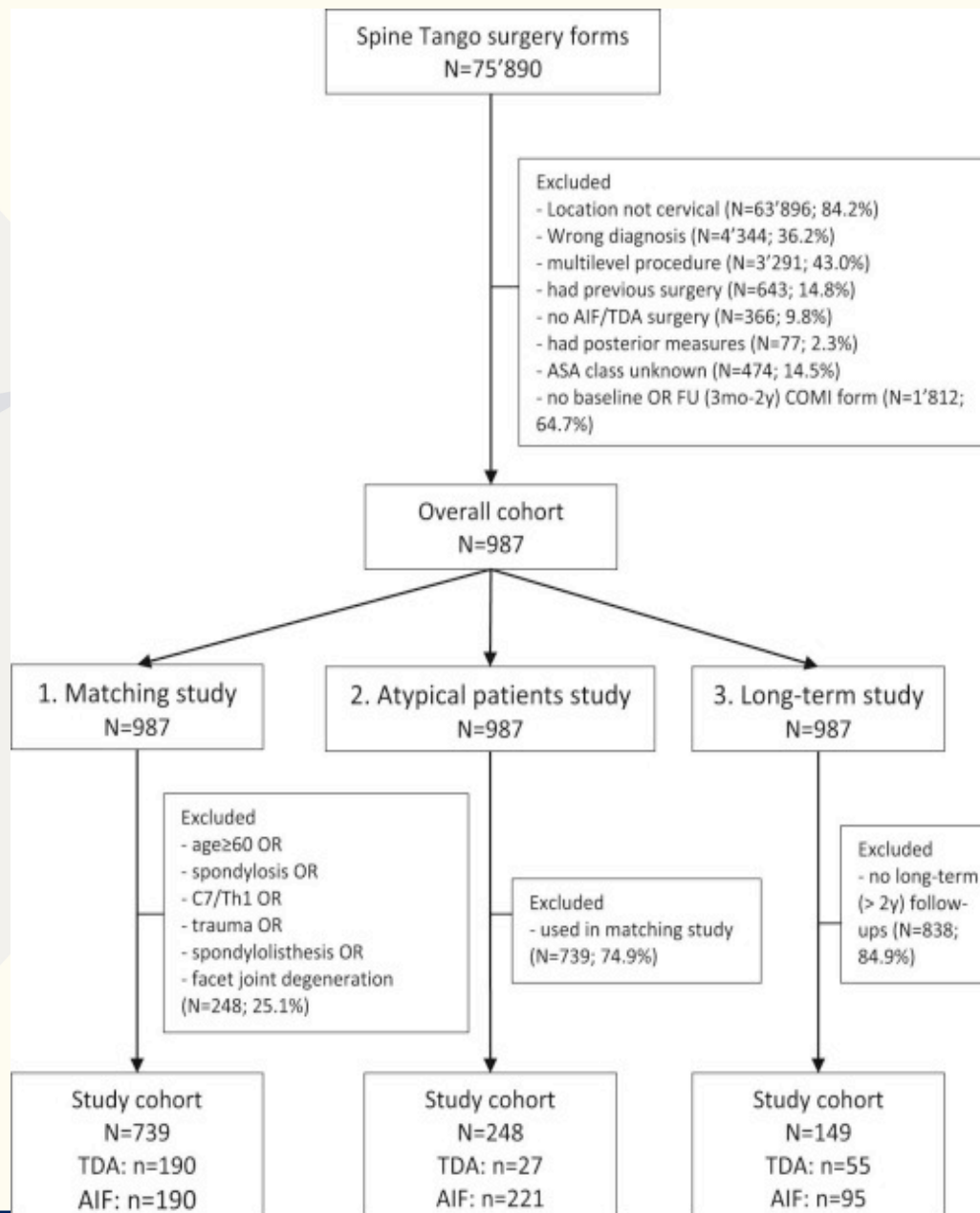
^b*Spine Centre Division, Department of Teaching, Research and Development, Schulthess Klinik, Lengghalde 2, CH-8008 Zurich, Switzerland*

^c*Comparative Effectiveness, Cost and Outcome Research Centre, University of Washington, 4333 Brooklyn Ave NE, Seattle, WA 98104, USA*

^d*Department of Orthopaedic Surgery, Salem Spital, Schänzlistrasse 39, Bern 3025, Switzerland*

Study Purpose

- Evaluate cervical total disc arthroplasty (TDA) vs ACDF
- Created a “RCT” arm, and non-RCT arm, and a long-term arm



Total Patients

- 987 total patients
- 739 were representative of RCT patients
 - 190 pairs of well matched patients

Patient: RCT Exclusion Group

- 248 patients would have been excluded from RCT
- Most common exclusion criteria: age >60 years or diagnosis of spondylosis

Results

- The “RCT” group showed slight superiority of TDA
- The “non-RCT” atypical group showed no differences
- Long term group (from both RCT and non-RCT) showed trends towards TDA benefit but not statistical significance

Results

- Benefits of either surgery remained over time
- TDA may show some superiority in the tight indications used in RCT, but in a “real-world” patient there was no difference

Summary

- Both ACDF and TDA provided consistent and long-term relief from cervical symptoms (neck and arm pain)
- In highly selected patients, TDA may show some superiority

Thank you!

